TO-DAY'S NEWS IN BRIEF

extreme at 5 to 7 per cent on call and time joans. The clearings were \$6.23.571, and the balances \$835.727. Domestic exchange was quoted as follows: New York, De premium duoted as follows: New York, he premium bld, he premium asked; Chicago, he premi-um bld, he premium asked; Cincinnati, he discount bld, par asked; New Orleans, he discount bld, par asked; Louisville, he dis-count bld, par asked.

count bid, par asked.

The local market for wheat closed lower at 71% e n. Jan., 72% e a. May, 71% e b. July, 72%73% e No. 2 red. Corn closed higher at 75% e n. Jan., 77% e a. May, 38 a. July, 77% e No. 2 white. Oats closed at 25% e n. Jan., 37% a May, 280 No. 2.

The local market for standard mess pork closed quiet at \$4.50 for new. Prime steam lard closed higher at 7.30c East Side. local spot cotton market closed

WASHINGTON.

The Senate agrees to the army reorgani gation bill, as amended, and it is sent to conference. Amendments proposing to pro-hibit the importation into the Philippines of distilled liquors and for the revocation of Marilla saloon licenses were defeated by de-

Missouri gives the population of the State by minor subdivisions, and shows the growth of 53 cities, towns and villages, Republican senatorial caucus decides to idetrack the Nicaraguan Canal bill unti Hay-Pauncefote treaty. It also decided to give the ship-subsidy bill the right-of-way.

Prominent Populists and Silver Republicans are coming into the Democratic camp, indicating that the next campaign will find onents of Republican policies united un-the Democratic banner.

LOCAL AND SUBURBAN.

that town a new Gretna Green The missing letter of the Wednesday Club concerning representation in the manage-ment of the World's Fair has been found. The funeral of Alfred H. Jones, who died

grip in Las Vegas, N. M., will be held The Young Men's Hebrew Association will bold its annual election to-morrow.

Judge Wislinenus declines to accept bond

signed by a bondsman who has not quali-field. Suit to determine what salaries should be paid to inspectors of street excavations is begun by Ernst Knemoeller.

orporations elect officers and directors.

drover attacked by hogs in cattle ear

A special session of the Jefferson Club, to discuss the spring election, will be held Mrs. Bickelhaupt, in police court sum

mone, accuses her neighbor, Mrs. Engler, of disturbing spiritualistic meetings at her Judge Bland of the Appellate Court testi-fied and Clerk Mu., phy produced naturaliza-tion records before the Horton-Butler con-

The injunction proceedings instituted by Wellston citizens to prevent the laying of tracks on St. Charles Rock road was dismissed at plaintiff's cost.

The Circuit Court of Clayton handed down a batch of divorce decrees. Two former drivers of the Pacific Express Company are accused of stealing express

GENERAL DOMESTIC.

enner's political career seems about ed. His defeat will likely retire several hitherto noted politicians into obscurity.

A posse of Matteon, Ill., citizens shot at shoot and now must answer warrants targing the discharge of firearms. The town is excited over the apparition of a seeman in black, who dances in the trees and fades through closed doors.

The Northwest Missouri Press Ass imployment agent, politician and saloon number, were much surprised to learn that he was a woman. Interesting stories are old of the life she led.

The first pronounced slump in stocks since big bull boom set in occurred yester-

SPORTING.

Phunger L'Hommidieu cleaned up another oil yesterday at New Orieans on Deponan. The first 2-year-old race of the year

to run at New Orleans to-day. Good-thing Aaron falled to land, Maggie Davis beat a good field at Oak

Owner W. Gaux has been exonerated by the Creecent City stewards. Four favorites landed at Oakland.

RAILROADS.

The Merchants' Exchange has issued a circular giving statistics of business done by the local bridges and ferries. The Southern Pacific has increased the number of directors from eleven to twelve The Transcontinental Association has granted more reduced rates.

The General Managers' Asso-its annual meeting at Chicago. The American Association of General Raggage Agents elected officers at the an-hual meeting at St. Augustine, Fla.

Southwestern lines have granted reduced rates for the Oklahoma Live Stock Associa-

rates for the Dunkard meeting at Lincoln, Neb.

New York, Jan. 18.—Arrived: Patricia,

New York, Jan. 18.-Arrived: Manitou from London.
Glasgow, Jan. 17.—Arrived: Norwegian,
Portland Salied: Laurentien, New York;
Pomeranian, Boston.
Naples, Jan. 18.—Arrived: Puerst Bis-

marck, New York, via Genea, for Alexan-

Queenstown, Jan. 18.—Arrived: Cymre, New York for Liverpool. Salled: New Eng-land from Liverpool, Boston. Plymouth. Jan. 18.—Arrived: Pretoria, Plymouth. Jan. 18.—Arrived: Pretoria,
New York for Hamburg.
Moville, Jan. 18.—Salled: Anchoria (from
Glasgow), New York.
London, Jan. 18.—Salled: Mesaba, New

Nagasaki, Jan. 18.—Arrived: Steamer Port

PEYTON'S RELEASE PROBABLE. Y. M. C. A. Secretary Helps to Prove His Alibi.

Sloux City, In., Jan. 18 .- A. C. Hart, sec retary of the Young Men's Christian Asso elation of Mobile, Ala., to-day positively Identified the pictures of Frank H. Peyton,

This is a very strong point in Peyton's favor and tends further towards the possible dismissal of the case by the authorities of Sloux City and Woodbury County. County It Attorney Whitney will not dismiss the case, however, until he makes a complete transcriptor.

Take the Dixie Fiyer for Nashville, Chat-incogn, Atlanta and the Southeast, Tick-ds and information at No. 208 N. Broad-say, Illinois Central New City Ticket Of-

STATE AND CITY POLITICAL NEWS.

DOCKERY MAKING READY TO APPOINT.

Asks All Applicants for Positions to Reduce Their Respective Requests to Writing

Providing for a Constitutional

Amendment for Purpose of

Enlarging Supreme Court.

Chief Clerk in the office of Governor Dock-

ery, is arranging and classifying the ma

These appointments were made by Gov-ernor Dockery to the Conf Oil Inspector for Platteburg, P. M. Strekman; Conf Oil

inspector for Jefferson City, S. P. Moore;

er of Lawrence County, vice D. L. Wanam-

J. Morey Hardman of Edina, Knox County,

and Scott J. Miller of Chillicothe, Livingston

Couty, as members of the Board of Regents

of the Kirksville Normal School. Scott J. Miller is now president of the board. Hard-

man is in place of C. C. Fogle of Lap-

E. S. Farmer, Oil Inspector, West Plains,

Thomas Gibson, Oil Inspector, Noel, for

cot County, member Board of Directors, St.

Francols Levee District of Missourt, vice

John Spense of Bonne Terre, Oll Inspector

of St. Francois County, for two years, from

In the House to-day Hackney of Jasper introduced a bill providing for the examina-tion of all candidates for admission to the

lected from each appellate district and one

from the State at large, the power of ap-pointment resting with the State Supreme

Court. The person so licensed will be authorized to practice in any and all courts

Aydelott of Warren Introduced a resolu-

SENATE COMMITTEES NAMED.

lie His Appointments.

Jefferson City, Mo., Jan. 18.-Lieutenant lovernor Lee, president of the Senate, to-

day made public the Senate committee, as follows:

for two years, from November 21, 1900.

two years, from October 26, 1900. Charles A. Tisdadi, Caruthersville, Pem

Phil Donnelly, Oil Inspector, Leb two years, from May 30, 1900.

W. H. Huffman, deceased.

February 20, 1900; 1

of the State.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL

burgh, resigned.

Workings of the Republican Natur- Petition for Special Meeting of Jef. Judge Bland Testifies in Hortonalization Mill in St. Louis

HOW VOTERS WERE

Prior to 1896 Election.

MANUFACTURED.

Measure Introduced Into the House Attorney Fisse's Reference to Object Believed to Be in Opposition Regards Issuance of 500 Papers Naturalization at the Court of Appeals Recalls Flagrant Methods Four Years Ago.

The reference of W. E. Pisse, attorney for Horton in the Butler-Horton contest, to the naturalization of foreigners in the St. ments in the Governor's gift. Petitions, apmethods used by the Republican party in plications and letters indorsing candidates naturalization enterprise which flourished during the campaign pre-Governor Dockery is requesting all callers regarding appointments to reduce their

ceding the presidential election in 1896. aued to \$.239 men, nine-tenths of whom were Republicans. All of these were issued between August 15 and November 1. Large batches of so-called allens were conducted to the Court of Criminal Correction, and Circuit Court by Republican workers, who saw them through the ordeal of naturalizaflon with remarkable dispatch, and who apparently were willing to bear witness to anything necessary to obtain the papers. From August 15 to November 5, 1900. amounted to only 3,614, and the majority of these were Republicans. This shows a de-crease compared with 1896, during the same period, of 4.625. It was in 1888, when the Republican party had practically full con-trol of the naturalization places that it

succeeded in securing a plurality in this After the election nothing was thought of

After the election nothing was thought of After the election nothing was thought of After the election nothing was thought of After the election nothing was thought of After the election nothing was thought of After the election nothing was thought of After the election nothing was thought of After the election nothing was thought of After the election nothing was thought of After the election the election of it. At the time it was well known that Republican minions raked the city from Baden to Carondelet, and from the Mivedschipt River to the western limit, in their search for subjects for elizienship, in their search for subjects for elizienship. It is well known also that the more election do and the subject of the courts and presented papers of clizienship. It is well known also that the more election the States to swell the Republican vote on election day. Within a few weeks of the election the Court of Criminal Correction did an extensive maturalization business. Something more than 4.00 papers were issued to men introduced by Republican politicians. Among these were many negrees.

As shown by the records, men who had lived in this country for years and had laken no steps toward being naturalized were suddenly struck with a patriotic ardor and hastened to the Judges to be made American citizens. By a special arrangement with Republican Central Committee the Court of Criminal Correction was kept open at night for the accommodation of members of the papers were issued.

A notable thing in the Republican and maturalization in 1896 was that batches of from eight to twenty foreigners would be well of the country at such and such a time and had lived the fee for five consecutive years.

During the years preceding the Kepublica in anterestive the country at such and such a time and had lived there for five consecutive years.

During the years preceding the Kepublica in naturalization boom in the country at such and such a time and had lived there for five consecutive years.

During the years preceding the Kepubl Aydelott of Warren Introduced a resolution requesting the Assembly to consider
the recent report of the St. Louis Grand
Jury. The resolution was referred.

In the Senate Walker introduced a measure providing that every individual or corporation applying for change of vanue shall
deposit with the court a sum sufficient to
pay cost of change. The measure is also
designed to do away with the necessity for
notice to parties to the action from the
court to which the case is sent.

JOHN C. LEBENS. During the years preceding the Kepublican naturalization boom in 1995, citizenship papers had been issued with comparative regularity. The average yearly issue as far back as 1898 was comparatively even, and was but little affected by citner local or national elections. The decline in naturalization repers issued last year as compared.

tors Irabelle Fields, Rubey, Haynes, Schoenlaub, Clarke, Rollins.

7. Committee on Ways and Means-Senators Martin of Saline, Clay, Rubey, Walker, Bradley, Collins, Smith.

8. Committee on Agriculture, Roads and Highways and Ferries-Senators Tandy, Lee, Cooper, Marshall, Hayose, Clarke, Ramp.

9. Committee on Labor, Mines and Manufacturies-Senators Clay, Lee, Collins, Schoenlaub, Rubey, Thomas, Suitivan.

10. Committee on University, Normal Schools, Agricultural College and School of Mines-Senators Costello, Heather, Stubbs, Whaley, Collins, Ramp, Martin of St. Louis.

11. Committee on Accounts and Miscellaneous Laws-Senators Dowell, Morton, Subbs, Bradley, Biggs, Davisson, Martin of St. Louis.

12. Committee on Life and Accident Insurance and Fraternal Associations-Senators Schoenlaub, Thomas, Rubey, Sullivan, Martin of St. Louis.

13. Committee on Fire Marine and Tornado Insurance-Senators Fields, Walker, Marshall, Stubbs, Clarke.

14. Committee on Privilleges and Elections-Senators Bradley, Whaley, Cooper, Higgs, Davis-Senators Bradley, Whaley, Cooper, Higher Advis-Bradley, Blage, Davis-Senators Bradley, Whaley, Cooper, Higher Advis-League, of which W. A. Brandenburger-is T. Wilson, is growing fiercer every day, and split, the mayoralty prospects of Nicholas M. Bell have sustained a rude shock. Mr. Bell has been the avowed candidate of the

Bell has been the avowed candidate of the Wilson party, and hopes were indulged in that the Municipal Ownership League would also fall into line for Bell, and trat, with this element of strength, he could go into the Democratic convention in a position to demand recognition. President Branden-burger of the league spotied the game, however, by refusing to coalesce. Not satisfied with this step, he had thousands of cards printed and circulated throughout the city. These cards read as follows:

St. Louis, Jan. 1, 1961—Pear Sir. We do not

cards printed and circulated throughout the city. These cards read as follows:

St. Louis, Jan. It. 1991—Dear Sir: We do not know who composes the so-called Manticipal Ownership party, but we do know that its chairman, Mr. John T. Wilson, favors the nountration for Mayer of a Democratic politician who opposed and bitterly denounced municipal ownership in 182. Those who fought for a principle it the Meriwather campaign of '87 will welcome new converts into the ranks, but we will not accept an eleventh-hour convert as our commander-in-chief. It is right, therefore, to state that Mr. Wilson's party has no contection with the Menlephal Ownership League, or with those who worked in the '87 campaign for taxing street-car franchies.

W. A. BRANDENBURGER, President.

W. C. Guels, decreary.

The Wilson party will hold a convention February 15, when it probably will indoese Mr. Bell. The Brandenburger notices were sent out for the purpose of advising the members of his organization that the League was not in sympathy with the Wilson plan and would not ratify the nomination of Mr. Bell if it should be made.

At the Tinker headquarters everybody connected with the management of Tinker's campaign professed the utmost confidence in his nomination. It was given out that organizations had been perfected in every ward in the city and that ail preparations had been made for apprecially jubilant over the call for a speculal meeting of the Jefferson Club, and figured that no matter how the club voted Tinker would be benefited by the agitation.

lation of the election law, were revealed yesterday when the defendants appeared at

tions, over questions arising under the State revenue laws, over title to State of fices and over summary remedial writs.

Division No. 2 is to have jurisdiction over real estate cases and over cases coming up from the courts of appeals.

Division No. 3 is to decide criminal cases.

Must Note Filing Time.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Jefferson City, Mo., Jan. 18.—Newlan conkling of Carroll County will shortly introduce a bill to compel telegraph companies to place on all messages the time at which they were filed. The bill will give both sender and receiver right to such to collect \$50 damages in every case where the filing time is emilted. Joint action of sender and receiver right to such to collect \$50 damages in every case where the filing time is emilted. Joint action of sender and receiver will not be necessary in the suit. Each can sue separately. This growision is to prevent suppression of the suit by collusion between the company and one of the parties. This penalty for omission of the filing time will not be a bar to the recovery of actual damages caused by unreasonable delay in the transmission of a message.

WILL DISCUSS SPRING ELECTION.

ferson Club on January 24 Is Granted.

NAMES FEW OIL INSPECTORS. TURNED THEM OUT IN BUNCHES. EIGHTEEN MEMBERS ASK IT. DECLARES HE READ STATUTE.

to Rolla Wells-Constitution Prohibits Indorsement of Any Candidate.

Notices of a special meeting of the Jefferson Club to be held at the clubbouse on the evening of January 24 will be issued by President Hawes of that organization next tion in November brings to mind the Monday. Yesterday he was served with a petition signed by eighteen members repetition signed by eighteen members requesting that he call the meeting for the purpose of considering the spring election from a Democratic standpoint. The members who signed the petition are R. H. Kern, A. C. Bernays, W. L. Rogers, S. C. Jolly, William F. Scott, M. C. Weimore, C. P. Sterns, Charles G. Bange, Given Campbell, Hugh o'Donnell, Him Stone, John L. Duffy, William J. Stone, C. A. Stacy, S. P. Bond, Nicholas Bell, Seldon W. Orcutt, M. H. Alexander.

H. Alexander.

Accompanying the formal call for the meeting was a letter to President Hawes from R. H. Kern explaining the object of the meeting. Among other things Mr. Kern wrote.

wrote:
"I take it for granted that under the provisions of the by-laws this call for a meet "I take it for granted that under the provisions of the by-laws this call for a meeting is proper, and I hope you will do me the kindness to insert this notice in a Democratic newspaper of the city at least three days before the time appointed, as provided by the by-laws. The agners of this paper are availing themselves of what they are edvised they have a perfect right to on under the constitution and by-laws of the club. I could rend you this petition signed by 500 members of the defferson Club, but only fifteen are necessary. We are in an honest and open fight and hope for these reasons that you will comply with our request.

Members of the club said that while they were not favorably inclined to the nomination of Mr. Wells as the Democratic candidate for Mayor, they were unaiterably opposed to any declaration by the club as an organization, on the matter. They said that the minute the laws of the organization were broken in that regard, it would open the way for factions in the club and the disruption of the organization would be the inevitable consequence. For that reason they would oppose the effort made by certain members to have the club violate its organic law and either directly or indirectly put itself on record as opposed to Wells or any other man.

or any other man,

ing Work in the House. REPUBLIC SPECIAL. Jefferson City, Jan. 18.-The Republican minority injected another senseless resoluday to the interruption of business. Carter (Rep.) of Grundy submitted the resolution. It called for the printing of a triolet, or yodel of valentine 'poetry,' written by him in the person of Aguinaido. The resolution provided that 300 copies of 'the following message of his Highness' be printed, presumably at the expense of the people of the State of Missouri:

Note words of sympathy I've read,
They cut no lee with me:
The gash and gues and men we want
To make this country free.
As sounding bruss and cymbals clang
Those recolutions are.

The reading of the resolution was dis-pensed with by the House. CALLED IT INCONSISTENCY. Representative Hamilton Rises to

REPUBLIC SPECIAL W. D. Hamilton of Dekalb, rising to a question of personal privilege in the House yesterday, attracted attention to the inconsistency of the Globe-Democrat in its treatment of him.

"While I was a candidate for the speakership," he said, "that paper said I was one
of the clean men of the House. Now, because I am opposed, on the score of ecouomy, to printing immediately on their introduction all the hills presented in the
House, it denounces me as under the influence of the lobby. At the same time it declaired that the Senate is under the influence of the lobby, yet ignores the fact that
the Senate, immediately after convening, ordered all bills printed on introduction."

WILL HAVE PUBLIC HEARING.

Jefferson City, Jan. 18.—The House Committee on Education will hold a public hearing Wednesday afternoon on the Collins bill to elect school directors in St. Louis by districts, instead of at large. The members of the committee are: Fariey, Cormack Word, Golden, Weinhold, Maynard and Reeves. The committee is ready to hear arguments by letter or in person from St. Louisans reintive to the undesirability of the law and solicits attention for it at that time.

ECZEMA: NO CURE, NO PAY. Your druggist will refund your money it Page Ointment fails to cure Ringworm, Tet er, Old Ulcers and Sores, Pimples and Black

Montreal Has \$200,000 Fire.

Montreal Jan IS.-Fire to-night gutted the extensive wholesale establishment of Thomas May & Co., Victoria Square. The loss will amount to \$30,000. It is well in-

SAYS LAW APPLIES TO APPELLATE COURT.

Butler Contest That Naturalization Was Legal.

in Five Hours' Session Not an Impossibility - Murphy Produces Records.

The most important development since the taking of testimony in the Horton-Butler content began, occurred yesterday in the examination of Judge C. C. Bland of the Court of Appeals.

In the days immediately preceding the closing of the registration of voters in the fall, it was shown that about 1,500 persons had been naturalized by the Judges of the Court of Appeals, William E. Fisse, of ate Court had no power to naturalize for such cases, and read a number of authorities from the courts of several States

He argued that if the Court of Appeals

and no power to naturalize voters, then the 1,229 men recorded as naturalized on the records of the Court of Appeals, are still foreigners, and their votes were illegal. The point attracted considerable atten-tion among members of the bar in St. Louis, and opinion is about equally di-vided between the legality and the illegality of naturalizations by an Appellate Court. In his examination, Judge Bland stated that he had no doubt of the legality of the naturalizations by the Judges of the Court of Appeals. Mr. Fisse attempted to draw him into a discussion of the law, and the reasons that had brought him to that conclusion, but he refused to enter any legal discussion with counsel for the contentant contenting himself by saying that he had contenting himself by saying that he had investigated the question and satisfied his mind that he had the power to naturalize foreigners. This line of examination wa then dropped, and Judge Bland was asked about the number of men who had been naturalized by his court, and if it was pos-sible to have naturalized as many as 530 is a session of five hours. He replied that i-was, as he could easily naturalize ten met

was, as he could easily naturalize ten men in three minutes.

John H. Murphy, clerk of the Court of Appeals, was the next witness. On Thursday he was called and asked to produce the records of the court. He refused, and Attorney Fisse threatened to take the matter before the Federal Grand Jury. When Mr. Murphy took the stand yesterday, both witness and Attorney Fisse had cooled down, and there was no repetition of the trouble of the day before. Murphy announced that he had consulted the court and had been advised that it would be all right to show the records, but he must not let them go out of his possession. In response, Mr. Fisse declared his willingness to go to the clerk's office and have the hearing there, if he (Murphy) desired. It was not desired, and so the books were sent for and examined.

Murphy was asked to turn to his books and find the names of Michael Rattigan. Thomas Tierney, of Michael Maheney, who it was alleged, had registered and voted and had final papers from the court. Murphy could not find the names. He was also asked to find the name of George C. Brauninger, who had been naturalized, registered and voted. The name of Brauninger was found. Brauninger was afterward put on the stand and he testified that he voted the straight Republican ticket at the election.

John H. Denney of No. 4912 Spaulding avenue, deputy clerk in the Circuit Clerk's office, testified that he tried to get a bet

ference began at 7:30 o'clock and continued until 10 o'clock. The meeting was executive. that the object of the conference was to Mayor and to decide upon a location for

IT IS BUILT UPON THE SAND.

Although Mayor Ziegenhein and a few of his faithful adherents are making strenuous efforts to rebuild the membership of his Merchants' League Club upon its present small and sandy foundation, their work is sadiy hampered by the fact that they have to devote too much time to the task of watching the foundation itself, to see that it does not give way further. The recent election of oilcers in the ciub has created such a bitter feeding among certain of the members towards those wao manipulated the electior that a faction has sprung up which is aniagonistic to the present management and bids fair to destroy its present efficiency, little as that is.

The spirk of Ziegenhenism, which dominates the club, was resented, it is said, not openly, but with effect, when the nominations were made for officers. Louis Aloc, the former president, who declined to become a candidate for re-election, has lost much of the enthusiasm wasch made him such a valued member and officer. Charles Clafin Alien, Associate City Counselot, was offered the nomination for vice president, but declined it, for personal reasons, as did also Jacob Furth, wno was offered the nomination for vice president, but declined it, for personal reasons, as did also Jacob Furth, wno was offered the nomination for vice president, but declined it, for personal reasons, as did also Jacob Furth, wno was offered the nomination for treasurer.

At the election, held at the annual meeting, it is said that members who wished to vote and who held a membership card entitling them to the privilege, were compelied to present the card to Nathan Frank, who indorsed it "O. K. Nat." before they were allowed to cast a ballot.

At the installation of officers the week foilowing, George C. R. Wagoner, it is said, made a speech upon his inducention into office which was resented by many of those present. Although no open objection was made to it at the time, his remarks have since been the subject of comment, on account of their dictatorial tone.

Out of a former membership of 6,0 Although Mayor Ziegenhein and a few of his faithful adherents are making strenuous

grateful acknowledgments of men and eases that have their origin in impaired nervous systems and sluggish, impure blood there are what have made Paine's celery ompound far and away the one remedy above all others that physicians prescribe and the public indorse.

times larger than that of all other reme-

Why Paine's Celery Compound Is the Best Remedy in the World.

NOTHING ELSE CURES.



celery compound has brought me back to

been said—the scores of people in every community who have told this simple story: the downright, hard, cold facts; the

Paine's celery compound has achieved its wonderful pre-eminence, not only in this country but throughout the civilized world. After the unfortunate person who is alling because the blood peeds new life and tries Paine's celery compound and gets immediate relief, another is added to the great multitude of people whose praise of this remedy has made the demand for it many

A person must have lost all confidence in his fellow-men who can read the following letter and not be convinced of the great benefit Paine's celery compound has done, is doing, and will continue to do for sic2 and nervous people wherever it finds them. When a sick man or woman finds that he

who may be so afflicted. The General is to-day connected with the civil government of Havana. During the struggle for Cuban independence he rose from the ranks to the strade of brigadier general, and in 1856 won a decisive victory over General Campos. General Rodriguez was a very sick man. General Rodriguez was a very sick man. He was as near nervous prostration as one can be and live. After five years' suffering his first good night's sleep came independent of the property of the staking paine's celery compound. His letter reads:

"Dear Sirs-For five years I had not had a good night's rest. I had a serious case of nervous prostration, my strength seemed to be leaving me, and I felt tired and weak all the time. My blood was impure and I suf-

the time. My blood was impure and I suffered from pains in the back, constitution and an inactive liver. I had no appetite and no ambition. I was constantly consulting physicians, and it seemed as though I was nearly ready to die. Providence sent me a bottle of Paine's celery commont. me a bottle of Paine's celery compound, and this great remedy cured me of all the irritable symptoms with which I was afflicted. I can frankly and sincerely say etery or in the insane asylum. Among the many prominent people who testify to the virtues of Paine's celery compound area Santiago Rodriguez, M. D.; J. M. Bracho, Edwardo de la Torre, Porfirio Masvidal, E. Gato, O. E. Pineda, Pedro Herrera 7 Hermanos, A. Rincon, Andres Angulo, Aspello de Varona Guesada, Very truly yours. relio de Varona Quesada. Very truly yours,

No remedy ever had the outspoken apdeserved so well of people in the ordinary walks of life, and none ever got such in-stant recognition from the discerning pub-lic. Its success has been confined to no one

SPECTACLES AND EYE CLASSES



Bet. Olive and Locust Streets.

its prestige. Some of these, like Haisey C. Ives, Isaac M. Mason, Henry Reinstedler and others, have joined other organizations opposed to Ziegenbeinism. Others have held aloof from all party organizations since, but are watching the course of events closely. A large number of prominent politicians and officeholders who still retain a passive membership in the Merchants' League Club never attend its meetings, but are very active in the organization of clubs' in their own particular wards, and it is this latter class that is causing Ziegenhein no little anxiety, as he fears they may use the strength of these detached ward clubs to oppose him in the campaign.

The Central Committee of the Social Dem-ocratic party has announced that meetings will be held every Sunday afternoon except the first Sunday in each month, at Metal Trades Hall. Meetings will commence at 3 octock.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

BILLS INTRODUCED INTO HOUSE.

Jefferson City, Mo., Jan. 18.-Representa tices act. This act limits the amount of tices act. This act limits the amount of money a candidate can expend on his canvase to a certain per cent of the salary of the office and provides that after the election he shall as a condition to qualification make a return of the manner in which he
spent money in his canvass.

Weinhold of Perry introduced a bill establishing the office of game and fish
warden in Missouri, the incumbent to be
appointed by the Governor for four years
at a salary of \$2.000 a year. His function is
to be the specific enforcement of measures

REPUBLIC SPECIAL. and the entire Western division of Jaspe County are indignant over the action of Representative Hackney of Carthage in the eastern division of this county, in introducing a bill in the Legislature to repeal the

Jasper County.

The law at present gives to each division of the county the salcon license fund collected in its division. Joplin, Webb City and other towns in the populous western district, where most of the rich zinc and lead mines are located, and where the salcons are numerous, receive a large road fund and have some of the finest roads in the United States.

Joplin has sent a delegation, consisting of Mayor, City Attorney and others to Jefferson City to protest against the passage of Hackney's bill, which would make one fund for the entire county, regardless of divisions, and give to the eastern division much of the revenue collected from the western division.

TO CURE THE GRIP IN TWO DAYS.

If your eyes trouble you have them
TESTED FREE OF CHARGE BY
THE BEST OPTICIANS.

GENERAL MACKAY IS DEAD.

Veteran of Civil War Passes Away After Short Illness.

New York, Jan. 18.—General Andrew Jackson Mackay, a veteran of the Civil War, died in this city to-day, after a few days illness. He was Quartermaster General on the staff of General George W. Thomas, who commanded the Army of the Cumberland and won a high and honored name in those stirring times. General Mackay, was born at Caledonia, N. Y., and went West before the war. He possessed a ranch in Texas until the war becam. He emisted in Texas until the war becam. He emisted in Washington when the first call for volunteers came, and rosa, to the rank of General, after serving throughout the five years of strife.



An Excellent Combination.

The pleasant method and beneficial effects of the well known remedy, STRUP OF Figs, manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co., illustrate the value of obtaining the liquid lazative principles of plants known to be medicinally laxative and presenting them in the form most refreshing to the taste and acceptable to the system. It is the one perfect strengthening laxative, cleansing the system effectually, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers gently yet promptly and enabling one dispetting colds, headaches and fevers gently yet promptly and enabling one to overcome habitual constigation per-manently. Its perfect freedom from every objectionable quality and sub-stance, and its acting on the kidneys, liver and bowels, without weakening or irritating them, make it the ideal laxative.

In the process of manufacturing figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste, but the medicinal qualities of the remedy are obtained from senna and other aromatic plants, by a method known to the California Fig. Syrup Co. only. In order to get its beneficial effects and to avoid imitations, please remember the full name of the Company printed on the front of every package.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.